SY69753AL

3.3V, 125Mbps, 155Mbps Clock and Data Recovery

General Description

The SY69753AL is a complete Clock Recovery and Data Retiming integrated circuit for OC-3/STS-3 applications at 155Mbps NRZ. The device is ideally suited for SONET/SDH/ATM applications and other high-speed data transmission systems.

Clock recovery and data retiming is performed by synchronizing the on-chip VCO directly to the incoming data stream. The VCO center frequency is controlled by the reference clock frequency and the selected divide ratio. On-chip clock generation is performed through the use of a frequency multiplier PLL with a byte rate source as reference.

The SY69753AL also includes a link fault detection circuit.

Datasheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: www.micrel.com.

Features

- 3.3V power supply
- SONET/SDH/ATM compatible
- Clock and data recovery for 125Mbps/155Mbps NRZ data stream
- Two on-chip PLLs: one for clock generation and another for clock recovery
- Selectable reference frequencies
- Differential PECL high-speed serial I/O
- Line receiver input: no external buffering needed
- Link fault indication
- 100k ECL compatible I/O
- Industrial temperature range (–40°C to +85°C)
- Lower power: fully compatible with Micrel's SY87701V, but with 30% less power
- Available in 32-pin EPAD-TQFP

Applications

- Ethernet media converter(m)
- SONET/SDH/ATM OC-3
- Proprietary architecture at 120Mbps to 180Mbps

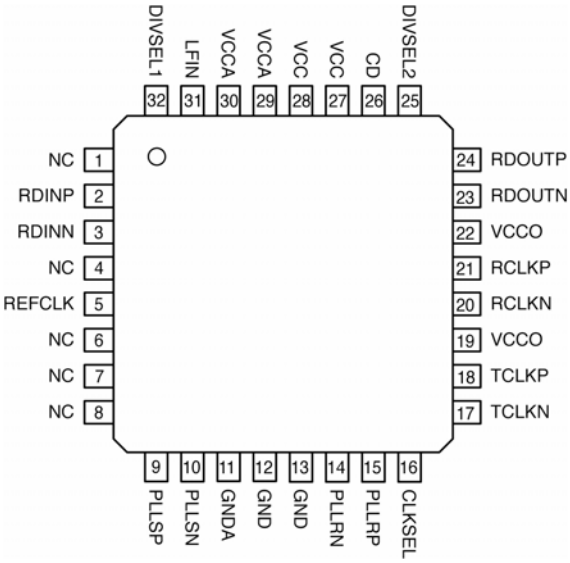
Ordering Information[1]

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY69753ALHG	H32-1	Industrial	SY69753ALHG with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free
SY69753ALHGTR[2]	H32-1	Industrial	SY69753ALHG with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free

Notes:

1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at T_A = 25°C, DC Electricals only.
2. Tape and Reel.

Pin Configuration



32-Pin EPAD-TQFP (H32-1)

Pin Description

Inputs

Pin Number	Pin Name	Type	Pin Name
2 3	RDINP RDINN	Differential PECL	Serial Data Input: These built-in line receiver inputs are connected to the differential receive serial data stream. An internal receive PLL recovers the embedded clock (RCLK) and data (RDOUT) information.
5	REFCLK	TTL Input	Reference Clock: This input is used as the reference for the internal frequency synthesizer and the "training" frequency for the receiver PLL to keep it centered in the absence of data coming in on the RDIN inputs.
26	CD	PECL Input	Carrier Detect: This input controls the recovery function of the Receive PLL and can be driven by the carrier detect output of optical modules or from external transition detection circuitry. When this input is HIGH, the input data stream (RDIN) is recovered normally by the Receive PLL. When this input is LOW the data on the inputs RDIN will be internally forced to a constant LOW, the data outputs RDOUT will remain LOW, the Link Fault Indicator output LFIN forced LOW and the clock recovery PLL forced to look onto the clock frequency generated from REFCLK.
32 25	DIVSEL1 DIVSEL2	TTL Input	Divider Select: These inputs select the ratio between the output clock frequency (RCLK/TCLK) and the REFCLK input frequency as shown in the “Reference Frequency Selection” table.
16	CLKSEL	TTL Input	Clock Select: This input is used to select either the recovered clock of the receiver PLL (CLKSEL = HIGH) or the clock of the frequency synthesizer (CLKSEL = LOW) to the TCLK outputs.

Outputs

Pin Number	Pin Name	Type	Pin Name
31	LFIN	TTL Output	Link Fault Indicator: This output indicates the status of the input data stream RDIN. Active HIGH signal is indicating when the internal clock recovery PLL has locked onto the incoming data stream. LFIN will go HIGH if CD is HIGH and RDIN is within the frequency range of the Receive PLL (1000ppm) and will be alternating if not. LFIN is an asynchronous output.
23 24	RDOUTN RDOUTP	Differential PECL	Receive Data Output: These ECL 100K outputs represent the recovered data from the input data stream (RDIN). This recovered data is specified against the rising edge of RCLK.
20 21	RCLKN RCLKP	Differential PECL	Clock Output: These ECL 100K outputs represent the recovered clock used to sample the recovered data (RDOUT).
18 17	TCLKP TCLKN	Differential PECL	Clock Output: These ECL 100K outputs represent either the recovered clock (CLKSEL = HIGH) used to sample the recovered data (RDOUT) or the transmit clock of the frequency synthesizer (CLKSEL = LOW).
9 10	PLLSP PLLSN		Clock Synthesis PLL Loop Filter: External loop filter pins for the clock synthesis PLL.
14 15	PLLRN PLLRP		Clock Recovery PLL Loop Filter: External loop filter pins for the receiver PLL.

Power and Ground

Pin Number	Pin Name	Type	Pin Name
27, 28	VCC		Power Supply.(1)
29 30	VCCA		Analog Power Supply Voltage.(1)
19, 22	VCCO		Output Supply Voltage.(1)
12, 13	GND		Ground.
1, 4, 6, 7, 8	NC		No connect.
11	GNDA		Analog Ground.

Note:

1. VCC, VCCA, VCCO must be the same value.

Absolute Maximum Ratings[1]

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) ..... -0.5V to +5.0V
Input Voltage (V_{IN}) ..... -0.5V to V_{CC}
Output Current (I_{OUT})
  Continuous ..... ±50mA
  Surge ..... ±100mA
Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.) ..... +260°C
Storage Temperature (T_s) ..... -65°C to +150°C

Operating Ratings[2]

Input Voltage (V_{CC}) ..... +3.15V to +3.45V
Ambient Temperature (T_A) ..... –40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature (T_J) ..... +125°C
Package Thermal Resistance[3]
  EPAD-TQFP (θ_{JA})
    Still-air[4] ..... 28°C/W
    500lfpm[4] ..... 20°C/W
  EPAD-TQFP (θ_{JC}) ..... 4°C/W

DC Electrical Characteristics

T_A = –40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
I_{CC}	Power Supply Current			120	160	mA

PECL 100K DC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = V_{CCA} = 3.3V ±5%; T_A = –40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		V_{CC}-1.165		V_{CC}-0.880	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		V_{CC}-1.810		V_{CC}-1.475	V
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	50Ω to V_{CC}-2V	V_{CC}-1.075		V_{CC}-0.830	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	50Ω to V_{CC}-2V	V_{CC}-1.860		V_{CC}-1.570	V
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	V_{IN} = V_{IL} (Min)	0.5			µA

TTL DC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = V_{CCA} = 3.3V ±5%; T_A = –40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0		V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	I_{OH} = -0.4mA	2.0			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	I_{OL} = 4mA			0.5	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current	V_{IN} = 2.7V, V_{CC} = Max. V_{IN} = V_{CC}, V_{CC} = Max.	-125		 +100	µA µA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	V_{IN} = 0.5V, V_{CC} = Max.	-300			µA
I_{OS}	Output Short Circuit Current	V_{OUT} = 0V, (max., 1 sec.)	-15		-100	mA

Notes:

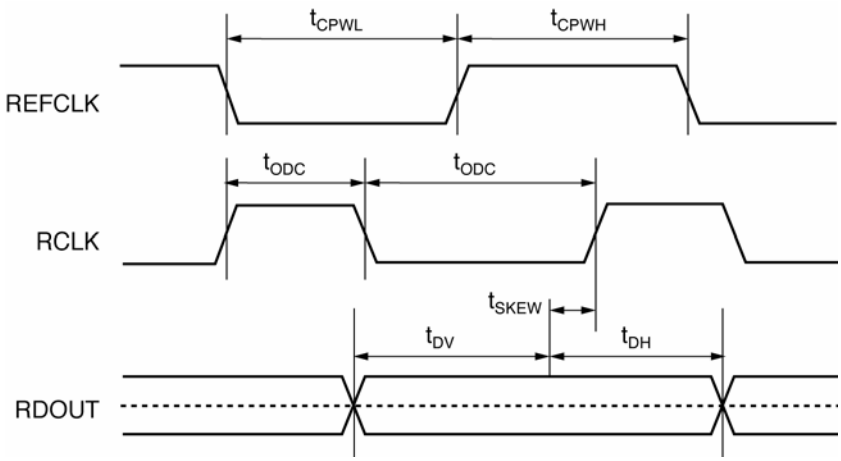
1. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
3. Airflow of 500lfpm recommended for 28-pin SOIC.
4. Using JEDEC standard test boards with die attach pad soldered to PCB. See www.amkor.com for additional package details.

AC Electrical Characteristics

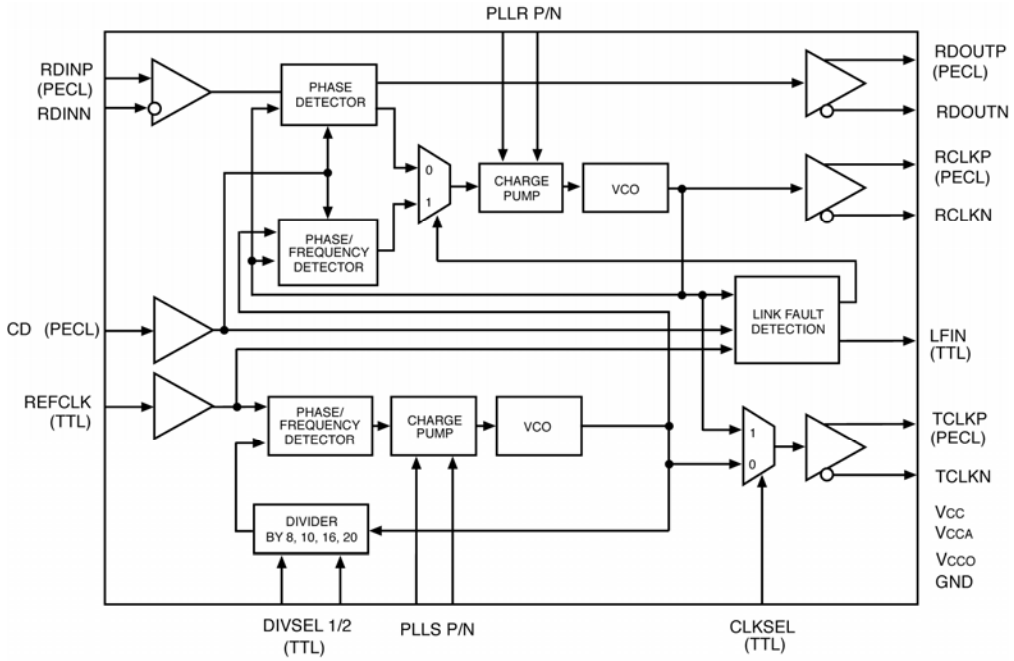
V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = V_{CCA} = 3.3V ±5%; T_A = –40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
f_{VCO}	VCO Center Frequency	f_{REFCLK} x Byte Rate	720		1250	MHz
Δf_{VCO}	VCO Center Frequency Tolerance	Nominal		5		%
t_{ACQ}	Acquisition Lock Time	50Ω to V_{CC}-2V			15	µs
t_{CPWH}	REFCLK Pulse Width HIGH	50Ω to V_{CC}-2V	4			ns
t_{CPWL}	REFCLK Pulse Width LOW	V_{IN} = V_{IL} (Min)	4			ns
t_{ir}	REFCLK Input Rise Time			0.5	2	ns
t_{ODC}	Output Duty Cycle (RCLK/TCLK)		45		55	% of UI
t_r, t_f	ECL Output Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)	50Ω to V_{CC}-2	100		400	ps
t_{SKEW}	Recovered Clock Skew		-200		+200	ps
t_{DV}	Data Valid		1/(2xf_{RCLK}) -200			ps
t_{DH}	Data Hold		1/(2xf_{RCLK}) -200			ps

Timing Waveforms



Functional Block



Functional Description

Clock Recovery

Clock Recovery, as shown in the block diagram, generates a clock that is at the same frequency as the incoming data bit rate at the Serial Data input. The clock is phase aligned by a PLL so that it samples the data in the center of the data eye pattern.

The phase relationship between the edge transitions of the data and those of the generated clock are compared by a phase/frequency detector. Output pulses from the detector indicate the required direction of phase correction. These pulses are smoothed by an integral loop filter. The output of the loop filter controls the frequency of the Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO), which generates the recovered clock.

Frequency stability, without incoming data, is guaranteed by an alternate reference input (REFCLK) that the PLL locks onto when data is lost. If the Frequency of the incoming signal varies by greater than approximately 1000ppm with respect to the synthesizer frequency, the PLL will be declared out of lock, and the PLL will lock to the reference clock.

The loop filter transfer function is optimized to enable the PLL to track the jitter, yet tolerate the minimum transition density expected in a received SONET data signal. This transfer function yields a 30µs data stream of continuous 1's or 0's for random incoming NRZ data.

Lock Detect

The SY69753AL contains a link fault indication circuit, which monitors the integrity of the serial data inputs. If the received serial data fails the frequency test, then the PLL will be forced to lock to the local reference clock. This will maintain the correct frequency of the recovered clock output under loss of signal or loss of lock conditions. If the recovered clock frequency deviates from the local reference clock frequency by more than approximately 1000ppm, the PLL will be declared out of lock. The lock detect circuit will poll the input data stream in an attempt to reacquire lock to data. If the recovered clock frequency is determined to be within approximately 1000ppm, the PLL will be declared in lock and the lock detect output will go active.

During the interval when the CDR is not locked onto the RDIN input, the LFIN output will not be a static LOW, but will be changing.

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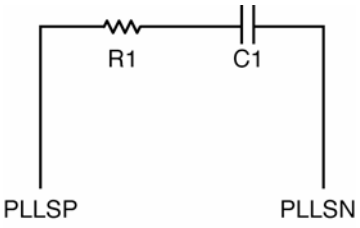
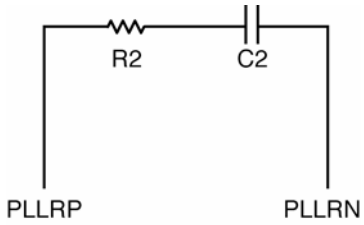
Loop Filter Components[1]



R1 = 350Ω
C1 = 1.0µF (X7R Dielectric)



R2 = 680Ω
C2 = 1.0µF (X7R Dielectric)

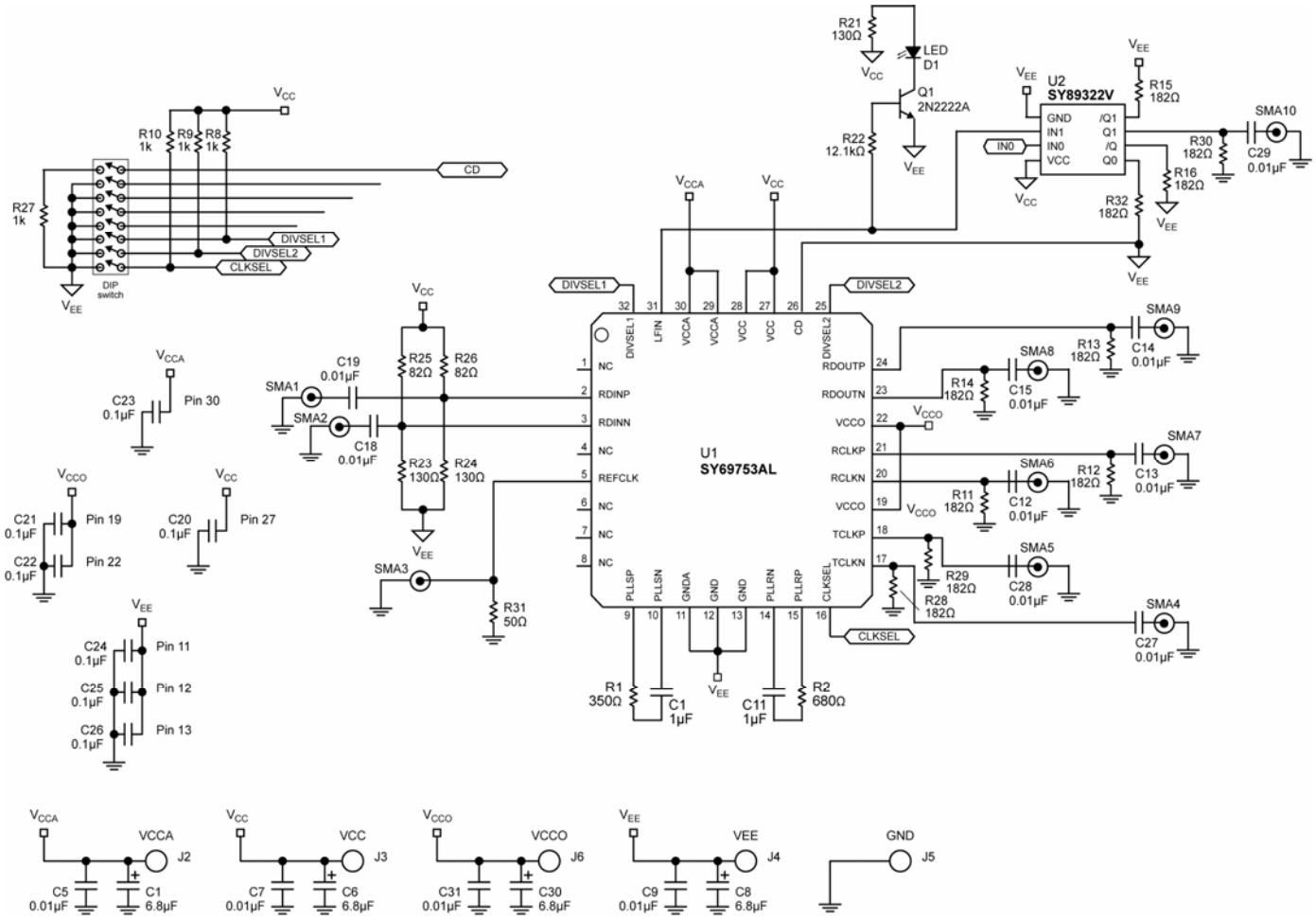
Note:

1. Suggested values. Values may vary for different applications.

Reference Frequency Selection

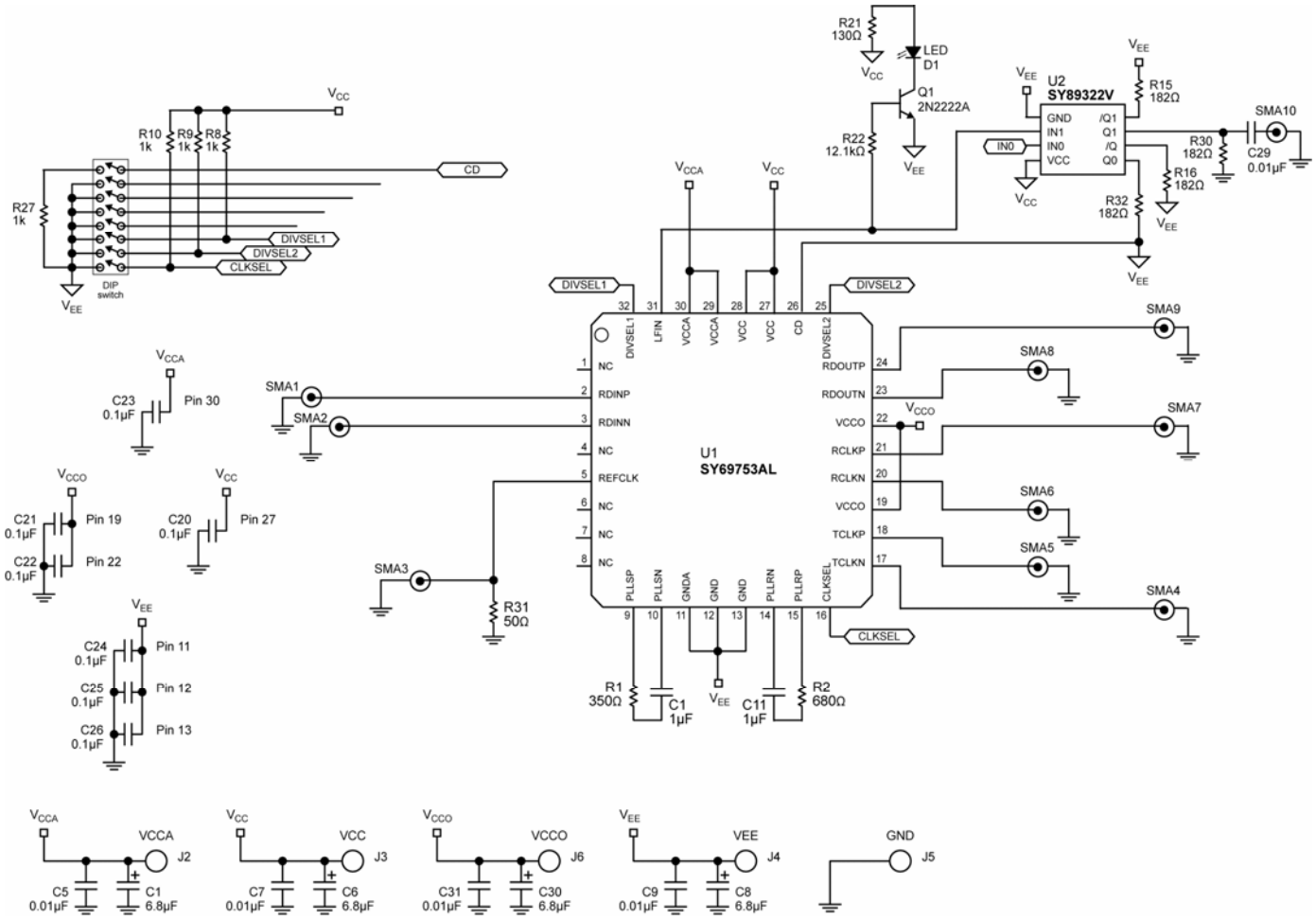
DIVSEL1	DIVSEL2	f_{RCLK}/f_{REFCLK}
0	0	8
0	1	10
1	0	16
1	1	20

Application Example AC-Coupled I/O



hbwhelp@micrel.com or (408) 955-1690

Application Example DC-Coupled I/O



Related Product and Support Documentation

Part Number	Function	Data Sheet Link
SY87701AL	Low-Power 3.3V, 28Mbps to 1300Mbps AnyRate® Clock and Data Recovery	www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy87701al.shtml
HBW Solutions	New Products and Applications	www.micrel.com/product-info/products/solutions.shtml

Bill of Materials (AC-Coupled)

Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C6	293D685X0025B2T	Vishay[1]	6.8µF, 25V, Tantalum Capacitor, Size B	1
C7	VJ206Y103JXJAT	Vishay[1]	0.01µF Ceramic Capacitor, Size 1206, X7R Dielectric	1
C10, C11	VJ0603Y105JXJAT	Vishay[1]	1.0µF Ceramic Capacitor, Size 0603, X7R Dielectric	2
C12-C15, C18, C19, C27, C28	VJ0402Y104JXJAT	Vishay[1]	0.1µF Ceramic Capacitor, Size 0402, X7R Dielectric	8
C20-C26	VJ0402Y104JXJAT	Vishay[1]	0.01µF Ceramic Capacitor, Size 1206, X7R Dielectric	7
D1	P301-ND	Panasonic[2]	LED Diode, T-1 3/4, Red Clear	1
D2	P300-ND/P301-ND	Vishay[1]	T-1 3/4, Red LED	1
J2, J3, J4, J6	111-0702-001	Johnson Components[3]	Red, Insulated Thumb Nut Binding Post (Jumped Together)	4
J5	BLM21A102F	Murata[4]	Black, Insulated Thumb Nut Binding Post, GND (Jumped to V_{EE})	1
Q1	459-2598-5-ND	NTE[5]	2N2222A Buffer/Driver Transistor, NPN	1
R1	CRCW04023500F	Vishay[1]	350Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	1
R2	CRCW04026800F	Vishay[1]	680Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	1
R3, R8, R9, R10	CRCW04021001F	Vishay[1]	1kΩ Pull-up Resistor, 2%, Size 1206	4
R11-R16, R28-R30, R32	CRCW04021820F	Vishay[1]	182Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	10
R21	CRCW06031300F	Vishay[1]	130Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0603	1
R22	CRCW04021820F	Vishay[1]	12.1kΩ Resistor, 2%, Size 1206	1
R23, R24	CRCW04022825F	Vishay[1]	82Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	2
R25, R26	CRCW04021300F	Vishay[1]	130Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	2
R27	CRCW0402OOR0F	Vishay[1]	0Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	1
R31	CRCW04025000F	Vishay[1]	50Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	1
SMA1-SMA10	142-0701-851	Johnson Components[3]	End Launch SMA Jack	10
SP1-SP6			Solder Jump Option	6
SW1	CT2068-ND	CTS[6]	8-Position, Top Actuated Slide Dip Switch	1
U1	**SY69753AL**	**Micrel, Inc.**[7]	**Low-Power 3.3V 125Mbps to 155Mbps Clock and Data Recovery**	1
U2	**SY89322V**	**Micrel, Inc.**[7]	**3.3/5V Dual LVTTL/LVCMOS-to-Differential LVPECL Translator**	1

Notes:

1. Vishay: www.vishay.com.
2. Panasonic: www.panasonic.com.
3. Johnson Components: www.johnson-components.com.
4. Murata: www.murata.com.
5. NTE: www.nte.com.
6. CTS: www.cts.com.
7. **Micrel, Inc: www.micrel.com**.

Bill of Materials (DC-Coupled)

Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C6	293D685X0025B2T	Vishay[1]	6.8µF, 25V, Tantalum Capacitor, Size B	1
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J2, J3, J4, J6	111-0702-001	Johnson Components[3]	Red, Insulated Thumb Nut Binding Post (Jumped Together)	4
J5	BLM21A102F	Johnson Components[3]	Black, Insulated Thumb Nut Binding Post, GND (Jumped to V_{EE})	1
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R22	CRCW04021820F	Vishay[1]	12.1kΩ Resistor, 2%, Size 1206	1
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R27	CRCW0402OOR0F	Vishay[1]	0Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	1
R31	CRCW04025000F	Vishay[1]	50Ω Resistor, 2%, Size 0402	1
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U2	**SY89322V**	**Micrel, Inc.**[7]	**3.3/5V Dual LVTTL/LVCMOS-to-Differential LVPECL Translator**	1

Notes:

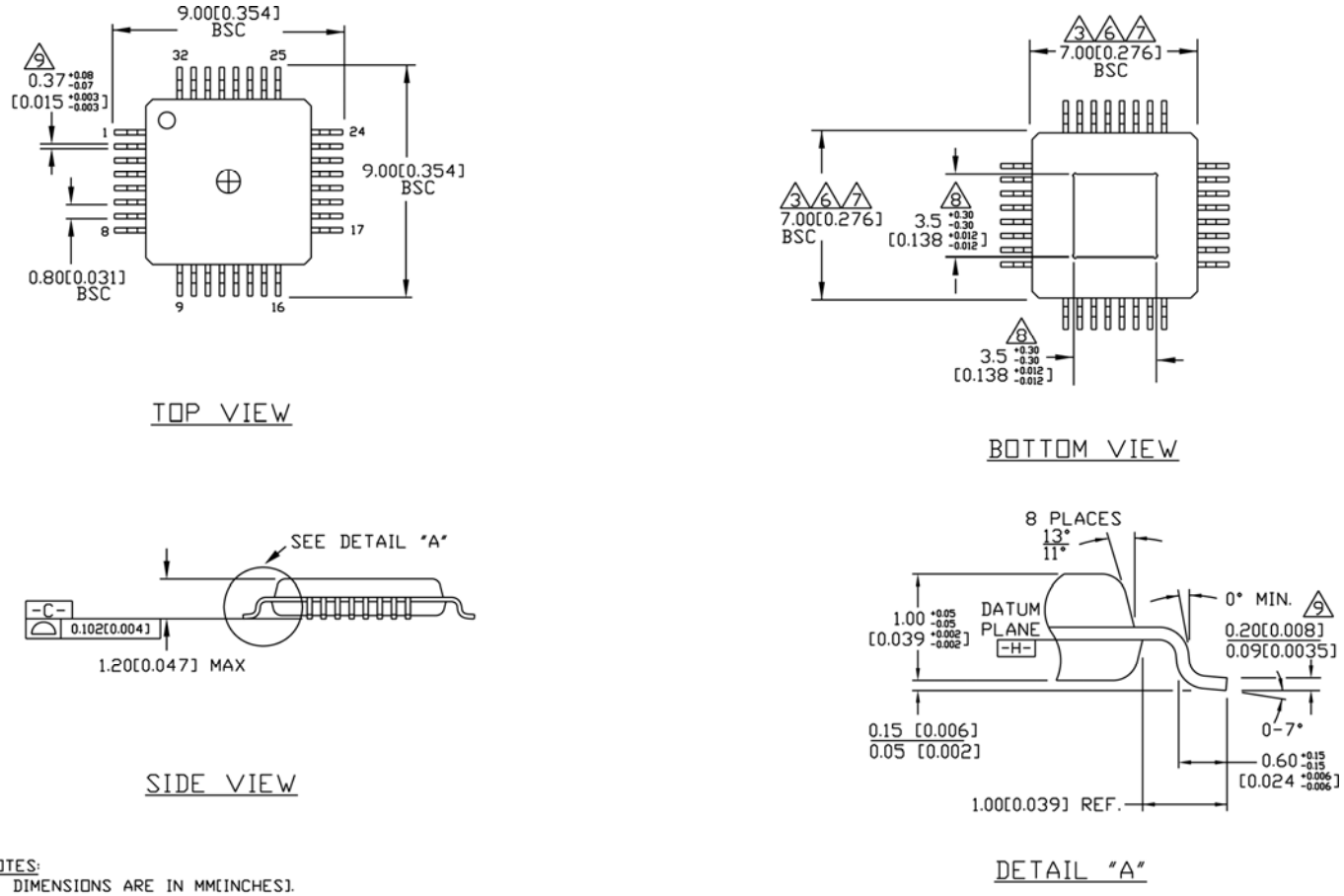
1. Vishay: www.vishay.com.
2. Panasonic: www.panasonic.com.
3. Johnson Components: www.johnson-components.com.
4. Murata: www.murata.com.
5. NTE: www.nte.com.
6. CTS: www.cts.com.
7. **Micrel, Inc: www.micrel.com**.

Appendix A

Layout and General Suggestions

1. Establish controlled impedance stripline, microstrip, or coplanar construction techniques.
2. Signal paths should have approximately the same width as the device pads.
3. All differential paths are critical timing paths, where skew should be matched to within ±10ps.
4. Signal trace impedance should not vary more than ±5%. If in doubt, perform TDR analysis of all high-speed signal traces.
5. Maintain compact filter networks as close to filter pins as possible. Provide ground plane relief under filter path to reduce stray capacitance. Be careful of crosstalk coupling into the filter network.
6. Maintain low jitter on the REFCLK input. Isolate the XTAL oscillator from power supply noise by adequately decoupling. Keep XTAL oscillator close to device, and minimize capacitive coupling from adjacent signals.
7. Higher speed operation may require use of fundamental-tone (third-overtone typically has more jitter) crystal-based oscillator for optimum performance. Evaluate and compare candidates by measuring TXCLK jitter.
8. All unused outputs require termination. To conserve power, unused PECL outputs can be terminated with a 1kΩ resistor to VEE.

Package Information



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM[INCHES].
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MM.
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, EITHER OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.254 [0.010].
4. LEAD DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.
5. MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS ARE INDICATED AS FOLLOWS: MAX/MIN.
6. THESE DIMENSIONS TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -H-
7. PACKAGE TOP DIMENSIONS ARE SMALLER THAN BOTTOM DIMENSIONS AND TOP OF PACKAGE WILL NOT OVERHANG BOTTOM OF PACKAGE.
8. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE COPLANAR WITH PACKAGE BOTTOM WITHIN 0.05mm
   EXPOSED PAD: Cu WITH Sn/Pb PLATING
9. DIMENSION INCLUDES LEAD FINISH.

32-Pin Package Type (H32-1)

MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA
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