

**General Description**

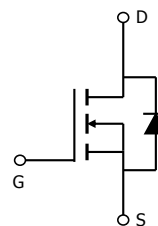
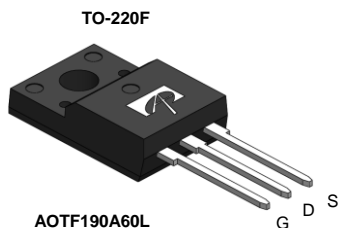
- Proprietary  $\alpha$ MOS5™ technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Optimized switching parameters for better EMI performance
- Enhanced body diode for robustness and fast reverse recovery

**Applications**

- SMPS with PFC, Flyback and LLC topologies
- Silver ATX ,adapter, TV, lighting, Telecom

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	700V
$I_{DM}$	80A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 0.19 $\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	34nC
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	4.3 $\mu$ J

 100% UIS Tested  
 100%  $R_g$  Tested


Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOTF190A60L	TO-220F Green	Tube	1000

**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	AOTF190A60L	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	600	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Gate-Source Voltage (dynamic) AC( $f > 1\text{Hz}$ )	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	20*
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	12*
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	80	A
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	5	A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	12.5	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	410	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100	V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt		20	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	32
		Derate above 25 $^\circ\text{C}$	0.25
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	AOTF190A60L	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	3.9	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

\* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	600	-	-	V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C	-	700	-	
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	-	0.59	-	V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	-	-	1	μA
		V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	-	-	10	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±20V	-	-	±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	3.2	4	4.6	V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.6A	-	0.17	0.19	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =10A	-	16	-	S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =10A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	-	0.85	1.2	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current		-	-	20	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>C</sup>		-	-	80	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz	-	1935	-	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		-	55	-	pF
C <sub>o(er)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>H</sup>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 to 480V, f=1MHz	-	49	-	pF
C <sub>o(tr)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>I</sup>		-	213	-	pF
C <sub>riss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz	-	1.25	-	pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	f=1MHz	-	5	-	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =10A	-	34	-	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge		-	12	-	nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge		-	11	-	nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, I <sub>D</sub> =10A, R <sub>G</sub> =25Ω	-	49	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time		-	40	-	ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime		-	115	-	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	26	-	ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time		-	341	-	ns
I <sub>rm</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I <sub>F</sub> =10A, di/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V	-	28	-	A
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		-	6.8	-	μC

A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

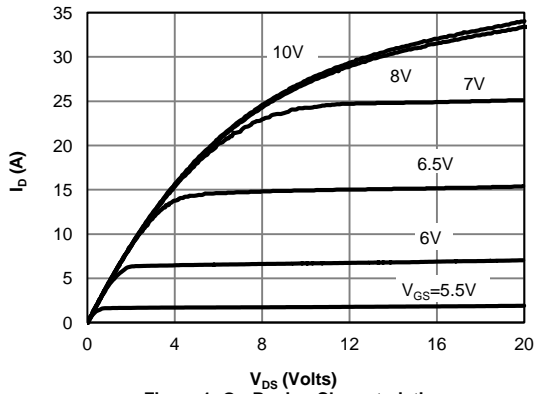
G. L=60mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=3.7A, V<sub>DD</sub>=150V, R<sub>G</sub>=25Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

H. C<sub>o(er)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

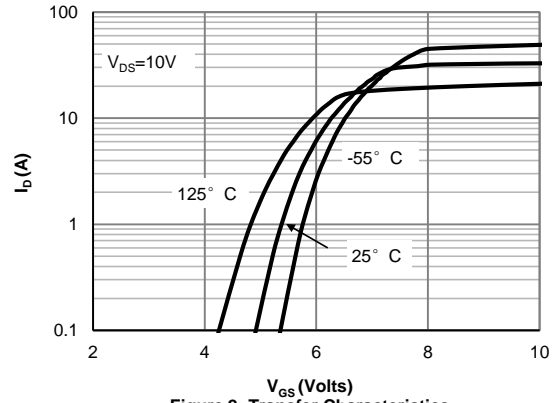
I. C<sub>o(tr)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

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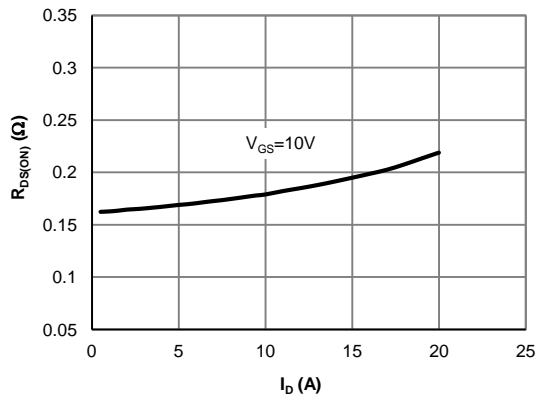
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



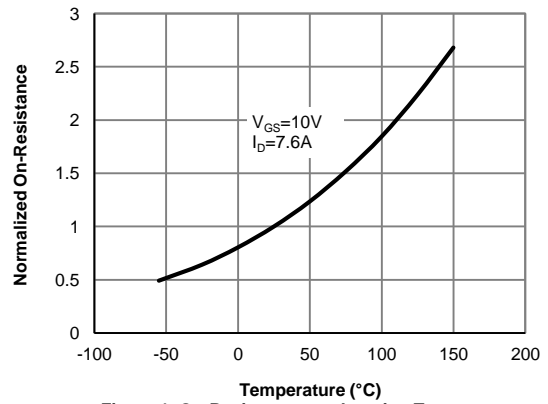
**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics**



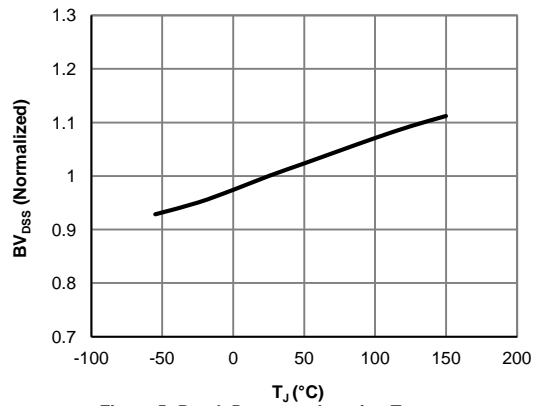
**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**



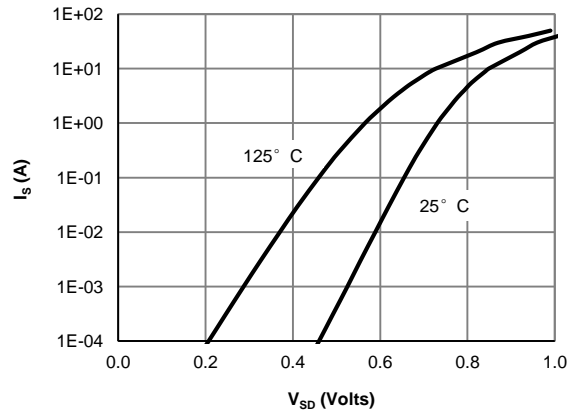
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**



**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**



**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

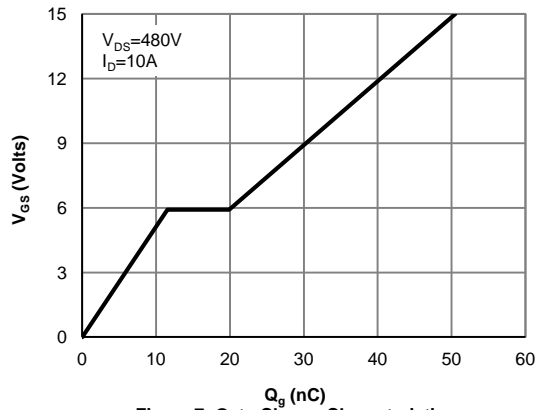


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

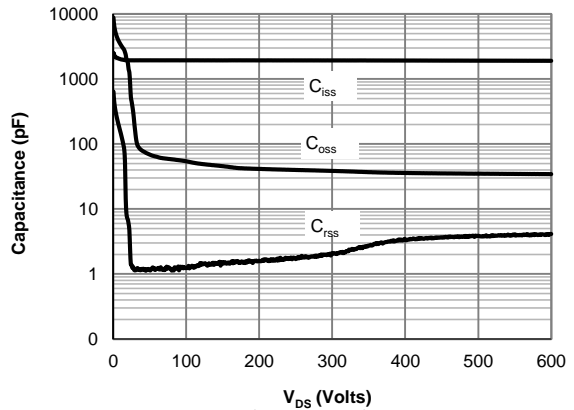


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

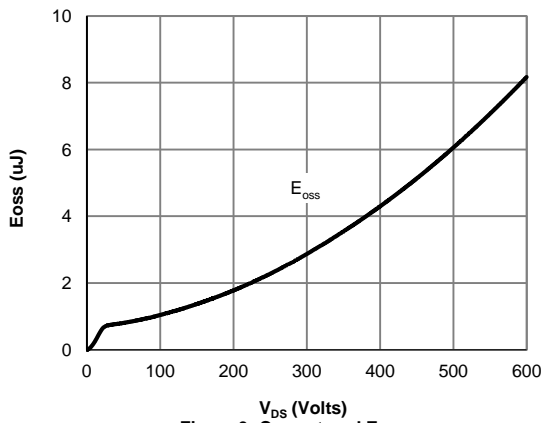


Figure 9: Coss stored Energy

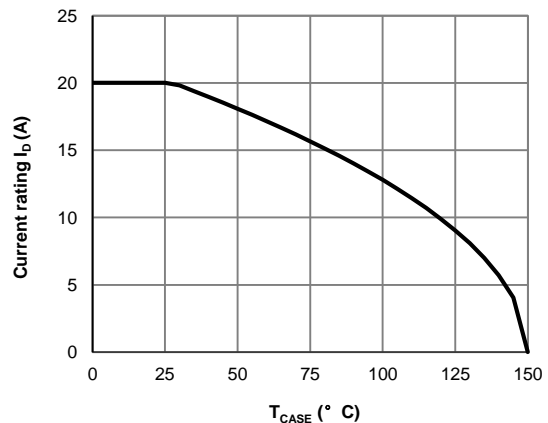


Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note F)

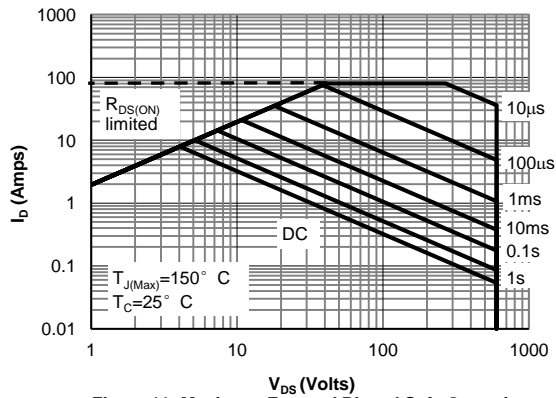


Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF190A60L (Note F)

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

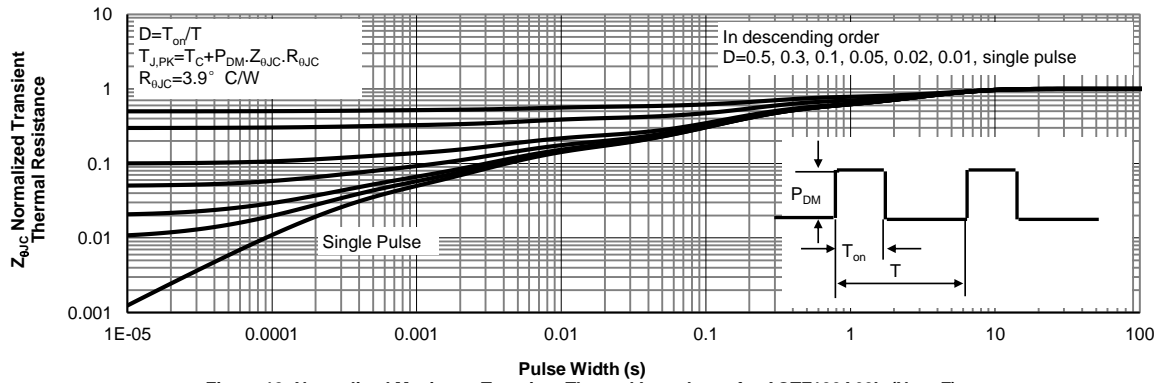
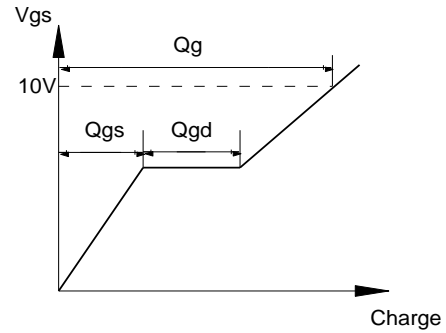
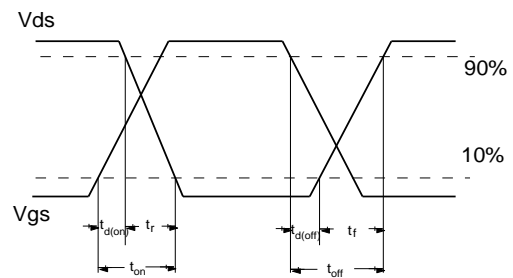


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF190A60L (Note F)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

